PRZYKŁADY ĆWICZEŃ, KTÓRE MOGĄ POJAWIĆ SIĘ W TEŚCIE PREDYSPOZYCJI JĘZYKOWYCH

1. Użyj odpowiedniej formy czasowników podanych w nawiasach tak, aby otrzymać logiczny i poprawny gramatycznie tekst.

PRZYKŁAD:

Gardening 1.(be) my passion for years. If you 2.(work) hard, your garden will resemble paradise. The rose 3.(believe) to be the queen of flowers, and for as long as I can remember, I 4.(fascinate) by the beauty and the scent of roses. I 5.(begin) growing them when I was very young.

KLUCZ: 1 has been, 2 work, 3 is believed, 4 have been fascinated, 5 began

2. Ułóż pytania do podanych odpowiedzi. W podanych fragmentach nie należy niczego zmieniać.

PRZYKŁAD:

1	any traffic accidents in Poland in a tragic year on the roads.		
2. Excuse me, howstation? No more than a few hundred meters.	to the train		
3. Why She couldn't. She had to stay at work until late.	come to see me yesterday?		

KLUCZ: 1 Were there, 2 far is it / long is the way, 3 didn't she / did she not

3. Dopasuj zdania do luk w tekście tak, aby powstał logiczny tekst. Jedno zdanie podane zostało dodatkowo.

PRZYKŁAD:

To swim with dolphins, no special skill is required, just common sense and a little respect for these wild creatures. Before we set out, our guides talked to us about what we could expect from the trip. Once on the boat, we watched for splashes on the surface of the water. 1.__ On the other hand, if they were being playful, it could last as long as two hours. After a while, we noticed our first pod. The animals came rushing towards us, swimming alongside and overtaking the boat. We put on our snorkels and swam towards them. We couldn't see the dolphins very clearly, but the sounds they made – the high-pitched squeaks and the low clicking sounds were amazing. 2.__ Some came so close that we could feel the pressurewave as they passed. We spent an hour getting in and out of the boat, and visiting the pod. I later sat on the boat and watched the surface of the sea filled with perfectly arching dolphin backs. Some members of our group were able to dive down with dolphins and found the experience especially rewarding. Snorkelers, however, are always warned against touching the animals. 3.__ They are, in fact, very sociable.

The guides told us they could recognize some of the dolphins by the markings on their backs, and some individuals appeared time after time. **4.**___

When they became bored with playing, on some hidden signal, the whole pod suddenly turned away from the boat and left at high speed. **5.**__ Eventually it was time to leave, and the boat turned back to port.

- **A.** The dolphins did not seem bothered by the swimmers' presence above them.
- **B.** We watched as hundreds of backs broke through the water's surface, heading off in the same direction.
- C. Indeed, this place was perfect for those seeking a close encounter with dolphins.
- **D.** This is despite the fact that dolphins have never been known to be aggressive towards human beings.
- **E.** We'd been told that if dolphins were hungry, we'd get just a short sighting of them.
- **F.** These would sometimes include mothers guiding their young to show them off.

KLUCZ:1E 2A 3D 4F 5B

4. Uzupełnij tekst wpisując w każdą lukę <u>jeden</u> wyraz. Formy skrócone np. don't, wasn't to dwa wyrazy.

PRZYKŁAD:

A new study su	ggests that 1	is a	a strona	"inverse	association"
2	fruit and vegetable co		•		
3	seven portions of fruit a	_	•	ave a 42%	6 lower risk of
a heart attack 4	those wi	ho eat just on	e portion.		
KLUCZ: 1 there, 2 be	etween, 3 least, 4 than,				

5. Przeczytaj tekst. Z podanych odpowiedzi wybierz właściwą, tak aby otrzymać logiczny i gramatycznie poprawny tekst. Zakreśl jedną z liter: A, B, C albo D.

PRZYKŁAD:

For decades, robots have (1)___ sci-fi writers and film-makers with countless ways of exploring our hopes and fears about technology. They have functioned as (2)___ helpers and oppressors of humanity, portraying the good and evil forces. In reality, (3)___, robots as humanoid creatures have proved (4)___ spectacular.

1 A	contributed	В	served	С	provided	D	given
2 A	either	В	both	С	equally	D	alike
3 A	though	В	despite	С	yet	D	whether
4 A	a little less	В	a little	С	little less	D	little

KLUCZ: 1C, 2B, 3A, 4A

6. Uzupełnij tekst wpisując w każdą lukę <u>jeden</u> wyraz z ramki. Każdego wyrazu możesz użyć tylko raz. W ramce jest 5 dodatkowych wyrazów, które nie pasują do tekstu.

PRZYKŁAD:

	MENTIONED LET UNCLEAR THERE ITS INCLUDING PREVIOUS WHICH TOLD WITH
	Your cat might not 1 you know it, but it seems that your furry friend recognizes 2 name, new research claims. 3 studies showed that other animals, 4 dogs and dolphins, could pick out certain words, yet it was 5 whether cats could too.
KL	UCZ: 1 let, 2 its, 3 Previous, 4 including, 5 unclear
7.	Podaj <u>jeden</u> wyraz, który logicznie i poprawnie uzupełnia luki we wszystkich trzech zdaniach.
PR	ZYKŁAD:
1	 You have no to be here. Leave this room, please. The question was too difficult; nobody gave the answer. Walk down the street and then turn at the traffic lights.
KL	UCZ: right
8.	Używając podanego wyrazu, dokończ lub uzupełnij każde z następujących zdań w taki sposób, by znaczyło to samo, co zdanie wyjściowe. Nie wolno zmieniać formy podanego wyrazu.
PR	ZYKŁAD:
	May I come a little later? you mind later?
2	Joe needs to apply immediately if he wants to get this job. NOT Unless get this job.
	We will have to cancel the performance as the lead actor has fallen ill. CALL We will ye toas the lead actor has fallen ill.
	UCZ: 1 me coming a little, 2 Joe applies immediately, he won't / will not, 3 call off performance
9.	Dokończ lub uzupełnij każde z następujących zdań w taki sposób, by znaczyło to samo, co zdanie wyjściowe.
	PRZYKŁAD:
	1. They were serving the last drinks when I arrived. The last drinks when I arrived.

2. When you wait long, you get impatient. The	get.
KLUCZ: 1 were being served, 2 longer you wait,	the more impatient you
10. Przekształć wyrazy podane w nawiasach tak, by pa pełna poprawność ortograficzna wpisywanych wyr	asowały do kontekstu. Wymagana jest razów.
PRZYKŁAD:	
Stephen was punished for his rude and	(RESPECT) behaviour.
2. We watched live	(COVER) of the match on TV
KLUCZ: 1 disrespectful, 2 coverage	
11. Przetłumacz na język angielski fragmenty zdań pod	dane w nawiasach.
PRZYKŁAD:	
1. Managers want (żeby ich pracc 2. I won't accept their offer(ownicy byli) hard-working and efficient. 'chyba, że dostanę) much more money.
KLUCZ: 1 their employees to be, 2 unless I get	
12. Przeczytaj tekst, a następnie odszukaj w nim wyraz nawiasie obok każdej definicji podano numer akap	zy, których definicje podano poniżej. W itu, w którym dany wyraz się znajduje.
PRZYKŁAD:	
[1] Romantic relationships are increasingly significant move from early to late adolescence. These relations youngsters in their early teens romantic thoughts material Teenagers often idolize popular singers or movie stated as gods by their smitten worshippers.	ships can take many different forms. For y involve people who are out of reach.
1. more and more [1] 2. adore, worship [1] 3. devoted, passionate [1]	
KLUCZ: 1 increasingly, 2 idolize, 3 smitten	

13. Uzupełnij zdania, wykorzystując podane w nawiasach wyrazy w odpowiedniej formie. Nie należy zmieniać kolejności podanych wyrazów, trzeba natomiast (jeśli to konieczne) dodać inne wyrazy, tak aby otrzymać logiczne i gramatycznie poprawne zdania. W każdą

lukę wolno wpisać maksymalnie 6 wyrazów, wliczając w to wyrazy już podane. Wymagana jest pełna poprawność ortograficzna wpisywanych fragmentów..

PRZYKŁAD:

1. What time (train / suppose / leave)	?
2. While Linette (argue / boy-friend),	,her sister entered the room
3. Don't enter now, please. (room / be / clean)	right now
KLUCZ: 1 is the train supposed to leave, 2 was a room is being cleaned	arguing with her boy-friend, 3 the

SPOSÓB PUNKTOWANIA

- 1. Każde zadanie testowe jest oceniane na 1 lub 0 punktów.
- 2. W przypadku zadań otwartych krótkiej odpowiedzi **każde logiczne, spójne, poprawne językowo** rozwiązanie jest punktowane.
- 3. Jeśli w poleceniu nie jest wymagana <u>pełna poprawność zapisu</u>, drobne błędy zapisu nie wpływają na przyznanie punktu.